## What is Your Recovery Quotient? Toward Recovery-focused Education of Addiction Professionals And Recovery Support Specialists

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The certification exams used to judge the competency of addiction professionals (from addiction counselors to physicians specializing in addiction medicine) rely almost exclusively on questions that test one's knowledge of the psychopharmacology of drugs, addiction and its related pathologies and the theories and methods of addiction counseling and treatment. Striking by their absence are questions about the stages, styles, pathways and processes of long-term recovery and the history and philosophies of American communities of recovery.

The following questions were developed in an afternoon of musing about the *recovery quotient* of addiction professionals and what an exam would look like that tested knowledge related to the history, theory, science and practice of non-clinical recovery support. There is nothing magical about these particular questions; I suspect on another afternoon I might come up with a quite different list of questions. But the questions included will sensitize the reader to the central point of this exercise: there is a body of knowledge about recovery that is quite distinct from the bodies of knowledge about addiction treatment.

The intent of this little quiz is to stimulate interest in the lived solutions to the problems many of us have devoted our lives to addressing. So take a few moments and evaluate your recovery quotient. Most of the topics imbedded in these questions are discussed in the papers posted at <u>www.williamwhitepapers.com</u>, in my book *Slaying the Dragon: The History of Addiction Treatment and Recovery in America*, and in my recent monograph *Peer-based Recovery Support: History, Theory, Science and Practice*.

#### **I. True or False** (6 points)

Place a T or F before each statement based on whether the statement is true or false.

\_\_\_\_\_1. Smart Recovery grew out of a schism within Secular Organization for Sobriety.

\_\_\_\_\_2. Methadone Anonymous is a recovery mutual aid society dedicated to helping people recover from methadone addiction.

\_\_\_\_\_ 3. Between 1970 and 2010, the percentage of people working in addiction treatment who are in recovery has dropped precipitously--from nearly 70% to about 30% of the treatment workforce.

\_\_\_\_\_ 4. The creation of Faces and Voices of Recovery grew out of the 2001 National Recovery Summit held in St Paul, MN.

<u>5</u>. Faces and Voices of Recovery includes all recovery constituency groups <u>except</u> individuals and groups representing people in recovery from opioid addiction who are being treated with methadone.

\_\_\_\_\_ 6. Nearly a third of MM members later choose abstinence-based recovery.

# II. Multiple Choice Questions (25 points)

Answer each of the questions below by selecting the correct answer from the four choices presented.

\_\_\_\_1. The earliest peer-led alcoholism recovery support effort in the United States from the list below is:

- a. The Washingtonians
- b. Alcoholics Anonymous
- c. The Handsome Lake Movement
- d. The Drunkards Club

\_\_\_\_2. The first recovery mutual aid society birthed within an addiction treatment program was:

- a. The Hazelden Alumni Association
- b. The Ribbon Reform Clubs
- c. The Keeley Leagues
- d. The Ollapod Club

\_\_\_\_3. Which of the following recovery mutual aid groups uses admission of "addiction" as a catalytic step in the recovery process?

- a. Alcoholics Anonymous
- b. Narcotics Anonymous
- c. Cocaine Anonymous
- d. Women for Sobriety

\_\_\_\_\_ 4. The first President of the United States whose National Drug Control Strategy explicitly highlighted recovery and acknowledged "multiple pathways of recovery" was: a. President Gerald Ford

- b. President Jimmy Carter
- c. President George W. Bush
- d. President Barack Obama

\_\_\_\_\_ 5. The fastest growing faith-based recovery mutual aid society in the United States is

- a. Celebrate Recovery
- b. Millati Islami
- c. JACS
- d. Mountain Movers

<u>6</u>. A national consensus conference convened by the Betty Ford Institute defined recovery as:

a. Continuous and uninterrupted sobriety

b. Remission (no longer meeting criteria for a substance use disorder)

c. Sobriety, progress towards global health and citizenship

d. Sobriety, spiritual awakening and progress toward global health

\_\_\_\_7. This research team first pioneered the concept of "recovery capital."

a. McLellan & Humphreys

b. Granfield & Cloud

c. Scott & Dennis

d. Miller and Kurtz

8. This research team affirmed the value of post-treatment "recovery checkups"

a. McLellan & Humphreys b. Granfield & Cloud

c. Scott & Dennis

d Drown & Lowis

d. Brown & Lewis

\_\_\_\_\_9. This research team coined the term "trauma of recovery" to describe the destabilizing effects of early recovery on the family system.

a. McLellan & Humphreys

b. Granfield & Cloud

c. Scott & Dennis

d. Brown & Lewis

\_\_\_\_\_10. Which of the following could be referred to as an "Eleventh Step" group?

a. Calix Society

b. Atheists and Agnostics in Alcoholics Anonymous

c. International Doctors in Alcoholics Anonymous

d. The Jacoby Club

\_\_\_\_\_11. The first secular alternative to Alcoholics Anonymous was.

a. Secular Organization for Sobriety

b. Women for Sobriety

c. Rational Recovery

d. LifeRing Secular Recovery

<u>12</u>. This research team christened the term "quantum change" to describe a climactic process of recovery initiation that is unexpected, unplanned, positive and permanent.

a. McLellan & Humphreys

b. Granfield & Cloud

c. Miller & C'de Baca

d. Scott & Dennis

\_\_\_\_\_ 13. This researcher described acultural, bicultural and culturally enmeshed styles of recovery based on the degree to which an individual in recovery was involved in relationships with others in recovery.

a. Valliant

b. White

c. Best

d. Clark

<u>14</u>. The stability point of recovery from alcohol dependence (the point at which the risk of future lifetime re-addiction drops below 15%) is <u>of continuous recovery</u>.

a. 1 year

b. 2 years

c. 3 years

d. 4-5 years

\_\_\_\_\_15. What two prominent Africans Americans from the list below were/are in recovery?

a. Booker T. Washington & W.E.B. Dubois

b. Frederick Douglass and Malcolm X

c. Jesse Jackson and Andrew Young

d. James Baldwin and Richard Wright

\_\_\_\_\_ 16. Which prominent African America minister launched a, faith- and abstinencebased cultural revitalization movement in response to the crack cocaine epidemic in the Tenderloin District of San Francisco?

a. Reverend Cecil Williams

b. Father George Clements

c. Father Joseph Martin

d. Pastor Rick Warren

\_\_\_\_\_17. In a now classic 1976 paper, she contrasted "scientific knowledge" and "experiential knowledge", noting the latter was the primary source of knowledge within recovery mutual aid societies.

a. Lee Ann Kaskutas

b. Constance Weisner

c. Lois Wilson

d. Thomasina Borkman

\_\_\_\_\_18. His 1979 book, *Not-God: A History of Alcoholics Anonymous*, stands as the definitive history of A.A.

a. Robin Room, PhD

b. Ron Roizen, PhD

c. Ernest Kurtz, PhD

d. Ollie Morgan, PhD

\_\_\_\_\_19. Their 2001 article in the *Journal of the American Medical Association* helped spark the shift in addiction treatment from a model of acute biopsychosocial stabilization to a model of sustained recovery management.

a. McLellan, Lewis, Obrien & Kleber

b. Humphreys, Tonigan & Moos

c. DuPont & Kleber

d. Rawson & Gold

\_\_\_\_\_20. The idea of "community recovery" is best illustrated in the history of which of the following communities.

a. San Francisco, CA

b. Akron, OH

c. Alkali Lake, Canada

d. Mexico City, Mexico

\_\_\_\_21. This recovery advocate and author used the metaphor of "healing forest" to convey the healing power of community and cultural renewal.

a. Don Coyhis

b. Stanton Peele

c. Mark Ames

d. Mark Sanders

\_\_\_\_22. This sociologist formulated the "helper therapy principle" suggesting the therapeutic effects of helping others.

a. Carl Rogers

b. Frank Riessman

c. Jane Adams

d. Karen Horney

\_\_\_\_\_ 23. This researcher confirmed the role of the helper principle as an active ingredient of participation in Alcoholics Anonymous

a. Sarah Zemore

b. Constance Weisner

c. Sharon Wegscheider Cruse

d. Claudia Black

\_\_\_\_\_ 24. The first (1954) state to create a state civil service position for the role of alcoholism counselor was\_\_\_\_\_.

a. New York

b. Maine

c. Illinois

d. Minnesota

\_\_\_\_\_25. He was the first recovering alcoholic to work as a "lay alcoholism therapist."

- a. Courtenay Baylor
- b. Francis Chambers

c. Richard Peabody

d. Pat C.

## III. The Geography of Recovery Movements (9 points)

Match the Organizations to an Associated Geographical Location (9 points)

\_\_\_\_ Women for Sobriety 1. Lexington, KY \_\_\_\_\_ Addicts Anonymous 2. New York City, NY Jacoby Club 3. Boston, MA \_\_\_\_ Drunkards Club 4. Quakertown, PA \_\_\_\_ Dashaways 5. Akron, OH \_\_\_\_\_ Narcotics Anonymous 6. San Francisco, CA \_\_\_\_\_ Alcoholics Anonymous 7. Silver Springs, MD \_\_\_\_ Oxford House 8. Van Nuys, CA \_\_\_\_ Keeley League 9. Dwight, IL

# IV. Leaders within the History of Addiction Recovery Support (14 points)

Match these Leaders to their Respective Organizations

- \_\_\_\_ John Gough
- \_\_\_\_\_ Joe Gerstein
- Clarence Snyder Jimmy Kinnon
- \_\_\_\_\_ Jean Kirkpatrick
- \_\_\_\_ Orville Gardner
- \_\_\_\_\_ Audrey Kishline
- \_\_\_\_\_ Francis Murphy
- \_\_\_\_\_ James Christopher
- \_\_\_\_ Charlotte Kasl
- John Baker & Rick Warren
- \_\_\_\_\_ Henry Reynolds
- \_\_\_\_ Paul Molloy
- \_\_\_\_\_ Jerry McAuley

- 1. Celebrate Recovery
- 2. Alcoholics Anonymous
- 3. Drunkard's Club
- 4. Moderation Management
- 5. 16 Step Empowerment Groups
- 6. Women for Sobriety
- 7. Blue Ribbon Reform Club
- 8. Royal Ribbon Reform Club
- 9. Narcotics Anonymous
- 10. Washingtonians
- 11. SMART Recovery
- 12. Secular Organization for Sobriety
- 13. Oxford House
- 14. Water Street Mission

### V. The history of Recovery Mutual Aid Societies (12 points)

Rank the following from earliest to most recent with 1 being the earliest and 12 being the most recent.

- \_\_\_\_ Celebrate Recovery
- \_\_\_\_\_ Alcoholics Anonymous
- \_\_\_\_ Drunkard's Club
- \_\_\_\_\_16 Step Empowerment Groups
- \_\_\_\_\_ Women for Sobriety
- \_\_\_\_\_ Royal Ribbon Reform Club
- \_\_\_\_ Narcotics Anonymous
- \_\_\_\_\_ Washingtonians
- \_\_\_\_\_ SMART Recovery
- \_\_\_\_\_ Secular Organization for Sobriety
- \_\_\_\_\_ Methadone Anonymous
- \_\_\_\_\_ LifeRing Secular Recovery

### VI. The Twelve Step Recovery Program (6 points)

Match the following for AA, NA and other Twelve Step Programs

- \_\_\_\_ Step One 1. Self-inventory
- Step Four 2. Meditation and prayer
- \_\_\_\_\_ Step Five 3. Service
- \_\_\_\_\_ Step Nine
  - 4. Acceptance 5. Amends
- \_\_\_\_ Step Eleven \_\_\_\_ Step Twelve 6. Confession

### VII. Organizational Traditions of Twelve Step Programs (4 points)

Match the following for AA, NA and other Twelve Step Programs

- Tradition Three
- Tradition Seven
- Tradition Ten
- Tradition Eleven
- 1. Financial Self-Support
- 2. Membership Requirement
- 3. No opinion on outside issues
- 4. Anonymity at level of press

### VIII. Recovery Concepts and Tools (8 points)

Match each of the following concept/tool to the organization with which it is most associated

Rational Recovery	1. "powerless over illicit drugs, including alcohol"
Women for Sobriety	2. 13 statements of "New Life" acceptance program
SMART Recovery	3. ABSTAR & nine step program
MM	4. 4 point program & ABCs of REBT
MA	5. AVRT
LifeRing Secular	
Recovery	6. "3-S Philosophy"
<u></u> Secular Organization	
For Sobriety	7. Sobriety Priority
Celebrate Recovery	8. Eight Recovery Principles

### IX. The New Recovery Advocacy and Peer Recovery Support Movements (14 points)

Connect the leaders below to the organizations with whom they have been affiliated

- \_\_\_\_\_ Bob Savage & Phil Valentine
- \_\_\_\_Tom Hill
- \_\_\_\_ Bev Haberle
- \_\_\_\_ Joe Powell
- \_\_\_\_Don Coyhis
- \_\_\_\_\_ Walter Ginter
- \_\_\_\_ Pat Taylor
- \_\_\_\_ David Whiters
- \_\_\_\_\_ Andre Johnson
- \_\_\_\_\_ John Shinholser
- \_\_\_\_ Cathy Nugent
- \_\_\_\_ David Whiters
- \_\_\_\_ Ron Williams
- \_\_\_\_\_ Robert Lindsey

- 1. PRO-ACT-Philadelphia
- 2. White Bison—Colorado Springs
- 3. MARS—New York City
- 4. Recovery Consultants of Atlanta
- 5. PRO-ACT-Philadelphia
- 6. Faces & Voices of Recovery
- 7. Speak-Out & Faces & Voices of Recovery
- 8. CSAT RCSP
- 9. Detroit Recovery Project
- 10. RAP-Portland
- 11. CCAR-CT
- 12 APAA-Dallas
- 13. NCADD
- 14. McShinn Foundation

# Scoring

Score your test based on the following answers and then add your number of correct responses:

I. 1-F; 2-F; 3-T; 4-T; 5-F; 6-T
II. 1-C; 2-D; 3-B; 4-D; 5-A; 6-C; 7-B; 8-C; 9-D; 10-A; 11-B; 12-C; 13-B; 14-D; 15-B; 16-A; 17-D; 18-C; 19-A; 20-C; 21-A; 22-B; 23-A; 24-D; 25-A.
III. 4, 1, 3, 2, 6, 8, 5, 7, 9
IV. 10, 11, 2, 9, 6, 3, 4, 7, 12, 5, 1, 8, 13, 14.
V. 8, 4, 3, 9, 6, 2, 5, 1, 11, 7, 10, 12.
VI. 4, 1, 6, 5, 2, 12
VII. 2, 1, 3, 4
VIII. 5, 2, 4, 3, 1, 6, 7, 8
IX. 11, 7, 5, 12, 2, 3, 6, 4, 9, 14, 8, 4, 10, 13.

Best Possible Recovery Quotient Score: 100

My Recovery Quotient: